Etude d'occupation spatio-temporelle de scorpion Androctonus australis (Linnaeus,1758) dans la vallée du M'Zab, Ghardaïa, Sahara algérien. <u>ZOUATINE Oumyma</u>¹, SADINE Salah Eddine², BISSATI Samia¹,CHEBOUT Abderrezzeq³, HADJAB Aymen⁴ et BIAD Radhia⁴

1 Laboratoire bio-ressources sahariennes : preservation et valorization, Faculte des sciences de la nature et de la vie, Université Kasdi Merbah Ouargla Algeria.

2 Faculté des Sciences de la Nature et de la Vie et Sciences de la terre, Université de Ghardaïa, BP 455 Ghardaïa, Algeria.

3 Laboratory of Plant Biology, Faculty of Exact Sciences and Natural and Life Sciences, Department Biology of living beings, University of Tebessa, Tebessa, Algeria

4 Laboratoire Biologie, Eau et Environnement (LBEE), Faculté SNV-STU, Université 8 Mai 1945 Guelma, Algeria.

Email : zouatineoumayma04@gmail.com

Among the scorpions belonging to the Algerian fauna, Androctonus australis (Linnaeus, 1758), this species has high medical importance. During the year 2020 and 2021, we have conducted numerous studies on the ecology and biology of this species based on a sample of 220 individuals from various biotopes in the region of Ghardaïa which is located in the Sahara Desert of Algeria and considered as an arid ecosystem. This study concerned in particular the stages of variation and development of the species. The results allow us to define the favorable mating season of *Androctonus australis* which occurs during the autumn period when the climatic conditions are favorable, which means relatively low temperatures (about 18 °C) and winds blowing at a regular speed and in a constant direction. We also noted that the species develops a winter diapause of 5 to 6 months, during this period covering the entire winter season and a few weeks of spring, the females were inactive and begin their activity the end of March with a remarkable interval time before that of the trunks, In spring and summer, following parturition, a significant number of juveniles is observed. However, we noted that the number of males remains low compared to the females of *Androctonus australis*.

Keywords: Scorpion, Androctonus australis, Ghardaia, Algeria.